

# MATHCOUNTS<sup>®</sup>

## Counting Paths Along a Grid



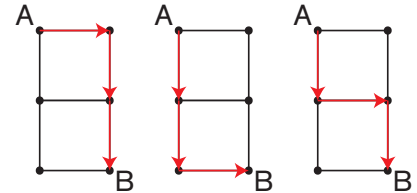
### Warm-Up!

Try these problems before watching the lesson.

**Coach instructions:** Give students around 10 minutes to go through the warm-up problems.

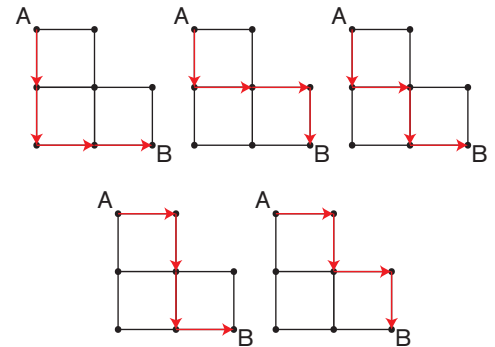
1. If a ladybug walks on the segments of the diagram from point A to point B moving only to the right or downward, how many distinct paths are possible?

The **3** paths are shown in the figure to the right.



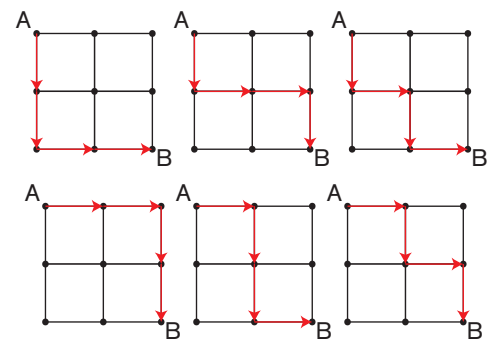
2. If a ladybug walks on the segments of the diagram from point A to point B moving only to the right or downward, how many distinct paths are possible?

The **5** paths are shown in the figure to the right.



3. If a ladybug walks on the segments of the diagram from point A to point B moving only to the right or downward, how many distinct paths are possible?

The **6** paths are shown in the figure to the right.

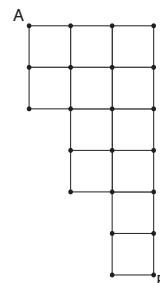


## The Problems

Take a look at the following problems and follow along as they are explained in the video.

4. If a ladybug walks on the segments of the diagram from point A to point B moving only to the right or downward, how many distinct paths are possible?

Solution in video. Answer: **55** paths.



**Coach instructions:** After Mathletes try the warm-up problems, play the video and have them follow along with the solution.

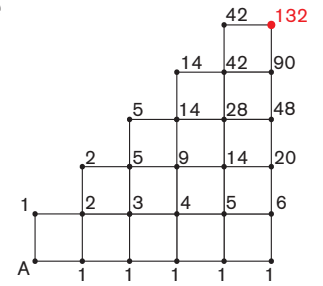


# Piece It Together

**Coach instructions:** After watching the video, give students 10 to 15 minutes to try the next few problems.

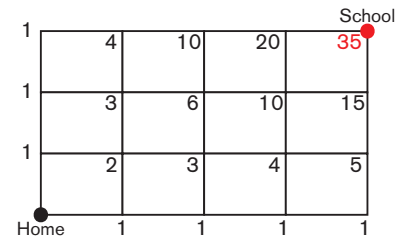
Use the skills you practiced in the warm-up and strategies from the video to solve the following problems.

- 5. If an ant walks on the segments of the diagram from point A to point B moving only to the right or upward, how many distinct paths are possible?



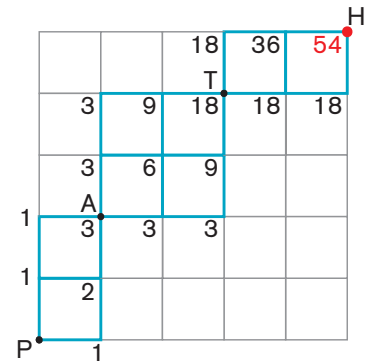
Using the counting strategy from the video, we can see there are **132** possible paths. See the figure to the right for the solution.

- 6. Alvin lives 4 blocks west and 3 blocks south of his school. He wants to take a different route to school each day, but each route must be exactly 7 blocks long. For how many days can he do this without repeating any route?



There are **35** possible routes to school. See the figure to the right for the solution.

- 7. Moving only up and right, how many paths from P to H pass through A and T?



This problem has added restrictions on the path possibilities. Because the paths must pass through A and T and can only move up and right, we do not need to consider any paths that move to the right or above the letters A and T before intersecting with them. Considering only these paths we find there is a total of **54** paths connecting P to A to T to H.

**Coach instructions:** Once your students have completed the problems, have them try to see the connection between counting paths and another counting/combinatorics problem.



## Optional Extension

To extend your understanding and have a little fun with math, try the following activities.

How many different 4-letter “words” can we form by arranging the letters M, M, C and C? Does the answer to this problem match the answer to problem 3 from the warm-up? If not, solve them both again. If they are the same, explain why these two problems are essentially answering the same mathematical question.

There are **6** ways to arrange the four letters to form “words”: MMCC, MCCM, CCMM, MCMC, CMCM and CMMC. This is the same as the answer to number 3 of the warm-up problem. We can think of these two as the same problem if we assign the letters M and C to the two directions right and down in the grid. If we suppose everytime we make a move right, we add an M to our “word” and everytime we move down we add a C to our “word” then the possible paths correspond directly to the possible letter arrangements.